

Industrial Pollution

7.76 In order to address the issue of environmental pollution, a World Bank assisted programme for capacity building was launched in 1997 and is in operation details of which are given in Box 7.7.

7.77 Year wise progress in the implementation of pollution control measures in the 17 categories of highly polluting industries is given in table 7.18. As on September 30, 2001, out of the total 1,551 large and medium industries identified in 1992 in the 17 categories of highly polluting industries, 1,349 industries have installed the requisite pollution control facilities to comply with the prescribed environmental standards. 177 industries have closed down and only 25

industries have yet to install the necessary pollution control facilities (status as on September 30, 2001). Legal action has been taken against all the defaulting industries.

7.78 The recent monitoring report (as on September 30, 2001) received from the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) indicates that of the 851 industries along the major rivers and lakes in the country which have found discharging their untreated or partially treated effluents into fresh water bodies, 608 units were found to comply with prescribed standards and another 238 industrial units have been closed. Only 5 units have not installed the requisite pollution control facilities; legal action has been initiated for all the defaulting units.

BOX 7.7

Environmental Management Capacity Building Technical Assistance Project

- An Environmental Management Capacity Building Technical Assistance (EMCBTA) Project has been in operation in the Ministry of Environment & Forests with the assistance of World Bank from 1997.
- The objective of the project is to assist the Government of India in strengthening Environmental Management Capacity in selected areas at national, state, local as well as the community levels.
- The revised outlay for the project is US \$ 29.62 million (Rs. 140 crores approximately) and the project will conclude in June, 2003.
- The areas identified for building-up capacity were Environmental Policy Planning, Environmental Administration, Decentralisation of Environmental Management, Implementation of Environmental Law, Monitoring Compliance in specific priority areas and Environmental Capacity Building in Gujarat.
- The project has sixteen components including Environmental Research and Education, Mining, Environmental Law, Environmental Economics, Air Quality Management, Environmental Standards, Industrial Siting, Media Training and Integrated coastal and Marine Area Management.

TABLE 7.18
Statewise summary status of pollution control in 17 categories of industries
(as per information available with CPCB as on September 30, 2001)

State / UT	Total No. of Units	Status (No. of Units)		
		Closed	C#	Defaulters##
1. Andhra Pradesh	173	29	143	01
2. Arunachal Pradesh	00	00	00	00
3. Assam	15	03	11	01
4. Bihar	62	22	38	02
5. Goa	06	00	06	00
6. Gujarat	177	07	170	00
7. Haryana	43	06	37	00
8. Himachal Pradesh	09	00	09	00
9. Jammu & Kashmir	08	03	05	00
10. Karnataka	85	09	75	01
11. Kerala	28	06	22	00
12. Madhya Pradesh	78	11	62	05
13. Maharashtra	335	24	306	05
14. Manipur	00	00	00	00
15. Meghalaya	01	00	01	00
16. Mizoram	00	00	00	00
17. Nagaland	00	00	00	00
18. Orissa	23	03	16	04
19. Punjab	45	06	39	00
20. Rajasthan	49	06	43	00
21. Sikkim	01	00	01	00
22. Tamil Nadu	119	02	117	00
23. Tripura	00	00	00	00
24. UT- Andaman & Nicobar islands	00	00	00	00
25. UT- Chandigarh	01	00	01	00
26. UT- Daman & Diu, Dadra & Nagar Haveli	00	00	00	00
27. UT- Delhi	05	01	04	00
28. UT-Lakshadweep	00	00	00	00
29. UT-Pondicherry	06	01	05	00
30. Uttar Pradesh	224	21	200	03
31. West Bengal	58	17	38	03
TOTAL	1,551	177	1,349	25

Notes :

Having adequate facilities to comply with the standards.

Not having adequate facilities to comply with the standards.