

Table 7.25 : Statewise summary status in 17 categories of highly polluting industries

State/UTs	Total No. of Units	Status (No. of Units)		
		Closed	Compliant	Defaulters
1. Andhra Pr.	269	29	240	0
2. Arunachal Pr.	0	0	0	0
3. Assam	16	3	12	1
4. Bihar	40	19	27	0
5. Chhattisgarh	25	2	21	2
6. Goa	8	0	8	0
7. Gujarat	283	10	272	1
8. Haryana	107	24	69	14
9. Himachal Pr.	11	0	11	0
10. Jammu & Kashmir	10	3	7	0
11. Jharkhand	21	3	16	2
12. Karnataka	116	17	99	0
13. Kerala	43	6	37	0
14. Madhya Pr.	78	15	61	2
15. Maharashtra	392	26	356	10
16. Manipur	0	0	0	0
17. Meghalaya	1	0	1	0
18. Mizoram	0	0	0	0
19. Nagaland	0	0	0	0
20. Orissa	29	3	21	5
21. Punjab	72	9	60	3
22. Rajasthan	108	8	96	4
23. Sikkim	1	0	1	0
24. Tamil Nadu	156	2	154	0
25. Tripura	0	0	0	0
26. Andaman & Nicobar	0	0	0	0
27. Chandigarh	1	0	1	0
28. Daman & Diu, Dadra & Nagar	0	0	0	0
29. Delhi	5	1	4	0
30. Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0
31. Pondicherry	8	1	7	0
32. Uttaranchal	20	0	20	0
33. Uttar Pr.	263	27	232	4
34. West Bengal	66	17	44	5
Total	2155	225	1877	53
Sources : Ministry of Environment and Forests.				

Environmental Issues

7.65 Pollution control has assumed a significant role, and commensurate with industrial expansion, a strong regulatory mechanism is required to ensure minimum environment standards to achieve this objective. A total number of 2,155 pre- and post-1991 units of 17 categories of highly polluting industries have been identified for this purpose by Central Pollution Control Board. The state-wise summary status of these 2,155 units is in Table 7.25. Of these units, 1,877 units have provided adequate facilities to comply with the standards, 225 units have closed down and the remaining 53 units do not have adequate facilities to comply with the standards. Legal actions have been initiated against all the defaulting units.

7.66 In order to strengthen the environmental management capacity at national, state and local levels, the Ministry of Environment and Forest had launched an Environmental Management Capacity Building Technical Assistance Project in 1997 with assistance from the International Development Agency. This project has an outlay of Rs. 140.62 crores. The areas identified for capacity building were environmental policy planning, environmental administration, decentralisation of environmental management, implementation of environmental laws, and monitoring compliance in specific priority areas.