## **Industrial Investment and Associated Trends**

7.11 During January- October 1999, 2,113 IEMs and 107 LOIs were filed, with proposed invest-ment intentions of Rs. 89,631 & 640 crore respectively. Despite reduction in the number of IEMs, the volume of investment committed therein was higher than the previous year (Table 7.4).

7.12 Foreign direct investment however, continues to show a declining trend. During January-October 1999, FDI proposals, worth Rs. 23,795 crore were approved, compared to Rs. 24,454 crore in January-October 1998. The total number of Foreign Technology Collaborations (FTCs) and Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) proposals approved, till October 1999, were 6,381 and 9,986 respectively (Table 7.5). While cumulative foreign investment approved till October 1999 was Rs. 2,05,187 crore, the actual inflow of foreign investment was Rs. 64,170 crore, constituting 31.3 per cent of the approvals. The inflow to approval ratio declined to 46.6 per cent in January-October 1999, compared to 47.5 per cent in January-October 1998.

7.13 The core sector has emerged as the most preferred destination for foreign direct

TABLE 7.5

Total Foreign Technology Agreements and Foreign Direct Investment Approvals

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Year	No.of FTCs Approved	No. of FDIs Approved	Amount Approved (Rs.Crore)	Actual Inflow (Rs.Crore)							
1991	661	289	534	351							
1992	828	692	3888	675							
1993	691	785	8859	1787							
1994	792	1062	14190	3289							
1995	982	1355	32070	6820							
1996	744	1559	36150	10389							
1997	660	1665	54891	16425							
1998	595	1191	30810	13340							
1999*	428	1388	23795	11093							
(1998)*	(516)	(989)	(24454)	(11607)							
Total	6381	9986	205187	64170\$							

- \* Upto October.
- \$ Includes 62 proposals for GDR/FCCB involving Rs. 22456 crore.

Note: Totals may not tally because of rounding off on an annual basis.

investment in India. The core and infrastructure industries accounted for 57.7 per cent of the total approvals, since August 1991. Core industries are followed by consumer goods, capital goods and services (Table 7.6).

TABLE 7.4 Industrial investment intentions filed through IEMs and LOIs								
Number	Proposed Investment (Rs.crore)	Proposed Employment (000's)	Number	Proposed Investment (Rs.crore)	Proposed Employment (000's)			
1991\$	3084	76310	769	195	2071	34		
1992	4860	115872	923	620	13994	97		
1993	4456	63976	703	528	12845	100		
1994	4664	88771	829	546	17937	130		
1995	6502	125509	1114	355	14265	91		
1996	4825	73278	696	522	29932	181		
1997	3873	52379	522	321	9528	96		
1998	2889	57385	521	145	3274	27		
1999*	2113	89631	330	107	640	16		
(1998)*	2241	45784	389	138	3249	26		
Total	37266	743111	6407	3339	104486	772		

\$ August to December

\* Jan-October.

Note: Totals may not tally because of rounding off on an annual basis.

	TABLE 7.6 Sector-wise Approvals of Foreign Direct Investment between August 1991 and August 1999								
	Sector	No. of Foreign Technology Approvals	No. of Foreign Investment Approvals	Amount of FDI approved (Rs.Crore)	Sectoral shares in total Approvals (per cent)				
1.	Core & Infrastructure	743	1353	116384	57.7				
2.	Capital Goods & Machinery	2857	3221	21848	10.8				
3.	Consumer Goods	672	1786	25961	12.9				
4.	Miscellaneous Industries	1499	1532	17879	8.9				
5.	Services	271	1665	19761	9.8				
6.	Strategic goods	4	1	3	0				
	Total	6046	9558	201836	100				

- 7.14 Capital goods imports declined by 29.8 per cent to US \$ 3451.5 million during April-November 1999, compared to US \$ 4919.2 million in April-November 1998.
- 7.15 Aggregate sanctions by All India Financial Institutions (AIFIs), increased by 18.9 per cent (Rs.89,877 crore) during 1998-99. This was less than the 54.2 per cent increase in 1997-98. Disbursements too, had a lower increase

of 8.4 per cent in 1998-99, as against 28.7 per cent during 1997-98. In the current year (April-December 1999), sanctions are growing at a lower rate of 15.5 per cent compared to 26 per cent in the comparable period of the previous year. Disbursements however, are showing a higher growth of 17.2 per cent in April-December 1999, compared to 13.6 per cent in April-December 1998.