Road and Road Transport

9.35 India has more than 3 million km. of road network, making it one of the largest in the world. However, the quality of the roads is inappropriate and cannot meet the needs of efficient and fast moving transportation. National Highways that are the prime arterial route span about 52010 km. throughout the country and cater to about 40 per cent of the total road transport demand.

9.36 There has been a decline in the allocation of funds over various plan periods in terms of the percentage of total plan outlay. Due to constraint of funds, an allocation of Rs. 2163 crore only was made for central sector roads for the year 1999-2000 as compared to allocation of Rs.2230 crore for the year 1998-99.

9.37 The National Highway Authority of India (NHAI) was constituted under the National Highway Authority of India Act, 1988 and was made operational in February 1995. Initially it was entrusted with the task of implementing five externally aided NH improvement projects. Subsequently, it was asked to implement several other projects including some BOT projects on National Highways. NHAI has been mandated to implement National Highway Development Program (NHDP) which constitutes 4/6 laning of Golden Quadrilateral Connecting Delhi-Mumbai-Chennai-Calcutta-Delhi and North-South and East-West Corridors connecting Kashmir to Kanyakumari and Silchar to Saurashtra respectively and Salem to Cochin. A task force headed by Deputy Chairman, Planning Commission is monitoring this program and is targeted to be completed by the year 2009. The total length to be upgraded under NHDP is 13,252 km approx. and total fund requirement will be around Rs.54,000 crore. The NHAI has already started upgradation of National highways on the Golden Quadrilateral (GQ) and North-South and East-West corridors. On the GQ, 504 km have

already been four laned, construction is in progress on 716 km and project preparation activities are in progress in the balance.

9.38 To augment the resources, additional excise/customs duty at the rate of rupee 1.0 per litre was levied on petrol w.e.f. June 2, 1998. To rationalise the system, a similiar additional levy of Rupee 1.0 per litre was imposed on HSD w.e.f. February 28, 1999. 50 per cent of this levy on diesel will be used to support rural connectivity. Balance 50 per cent of this levy along with the duty of Rs. 1 per litre on petrol levied with effect from June 2, 1998 will be transferred to the Central Road Fund. Out of this fund, 30 per cent will be reserved for development schemes on State Roads and balance amout will be used for the development and maintenance of National Highways for construction of Rail/Road Overbridges (ROBs) and other Railway Safety Works at unmanned railway crossings. Most of these funds would be used for implementation of National Highway Development Project (NHDP). In the long run, these funds will be utilized for the development and maintenance of entire National Highway Network. The cess on petrol and HSD is likely to yield Rs.5,000 crore per year as per current price levels. A detailed proposal on estimated fund and its allocation between various sectors and schemes is currently under consideration of Government. Rs. 1900 crore have been made available to Ministry of Surface Transport (MoST) during the current year for special repairs and NHDP/GQ.

9.39 To encourage private sector participation, a Model Concession Agreement for major projects costing more than Rs.100 crore has been finalized to be undertaken under BOT Scheme. Another Model Concession Agreement for projects less than Rs.100 crore has also been finalized by MoST. To date 20 projects involving an investment of around Rs.1000 crore have already been taken under BOT scheme (Box 9.3).

List of Build-Oper	ate-T	ransfer (BO	BOX 9.3) Projects Awarded as on 8th September, 1999					
SI. Name of the Project No.	NH No.	State	Length in Km	Cost in Rs. Crore	Date of	Likely/ Actual date of completion	Agency	Current Status
1. Thane-Bhiwandi Byepass *	3&4	Maharashtra	24	103	12/09/95	31.12.2001	MOST	In Progress
2. Chalthan Road Over Bridge**	8	Gujarat	4-LANE	10	19/09/96	15.07.1998	MOST	Completed
3. Udaipur Bypass**	8	Rajasthan	11	24	July 96	22.04.1998	MOST	Completed
4. Construction of six bridges	5	Andhra Pradesh	6 nos. Bridges	50	9.04.97	08.06.2001	MOST	In Progress
5. Coimbatore Bypass	47	Tamil Nadu	33	90	3.10.1997	03.12.1999	MOST	In Progress
6. Durg Bypass	6	Madhya Pradesh	18.4	68	5.11.1997	5.05.2000	NHAI	In Progress
7. Narmada bridge	8	Gujarat	6	113	21.11.1997	21.12.2000	MOST	In Progress
8. Nardhana ROB **	3	Maharashtra	13	34.21	25.11.1997	22.07.1999	MOST	Completed
9. Patalganga Bridge & ROB **	17	Maharashtra	1No.	33.3	29.11.1997	20.07.1999	MOST	Completed
10. Hubli-Dharwar Bypass	4	Karnataka	30.35	68	5.02.1998	5.11.2001	MOST	In Progress
11. Nellor Bypass	5	Andhra Pradesh	18	73	17.2.1998	17.02.2001	NHAI	Concessior Agreement signed.
12. Koratalaiyar Bridge	5	Tamil Nadu		30	28.10.1998	Oct., 2000	MOST	In Progress
13. Khambatki Ghat tunnel & Road	4	Maharashtra	8	37.8	16.11.1998	Nov., 2000	MOST	In Progress
14. Nasirabad ROB	6	Maharashtra	30m	10.45	16.11.1998	Nov., 1999	MOST	In Progress
15. Wainganga Bridge	6	Maharashtra	530m	32.6	16.11.1998	May, 2001	MOST	In Progress
16. Mahi Bridge	8	Gujarat		42	16.11.1998	July, 2000	MOST	In Progress
17. Kishangarh Bypass ROB	8	Rajasthan		16.66	27.11.1998	25.04.2000	NHAI	In Progress
18. Bridge across river Watrak	8	Gujarat		48.2	01.03.1999	31.12.2009	MOST	In Progress
19. Moradabad Bypass	24	Uttar Pradesh	18	100	23.04 1999	23.10.2001	NHAI	In Progress
20. Derabassi ROB	22	Punjab		35.76	08.09.1999		MOST	Concession Agreement signed.
TOTAL				1019.9	8			
* Original Work Since comple ** Since completed and opene			raffic. Wide	ening to	four lanes is	in progress.		