MINISTRY OF TOURISM AND CULTURE

DEMAND NO. 90

Department of Culture

A. The Budget allocations, net of recoveries, are given below: (In crores of Rupees) Budget 2002-2003 Revised 2002-2003 Budget 2003-2004 Plan Plan Non-Plan Non-Plan Non-Plan Major Head Total Plan Total Total Revenue 205.00 281.45 486.45 230.00 319.45 549.45 225.20 318.52 543.72 Capital Total 205.00 281.45 230.00 549.45 225.20 318.52 486.45 319.45 543.72 Secretariat-Social Services 2251 2.90 8.60 11.50 8.82 11.92 4.75 9.49 14.24 1. 3.10 **Art & Culture Promotion of Art and Culture** Zonal cultural centres 2205 5.25 5.25 6.24 6.24 6.50 6.50 Sangeet Natak Akademi 9.80 3. 2205 5.70 4.10 6.00 4.03 10.03 7.00 4.51 11.51 Lalit Kala Akademi 2205 2.75 2.22 4.97 2.22 4.97 3.10 3.44 6.54 4. 2.75 5. Sahitya Akademi 2205 3.95 2.74 6.69 3.95 2.74 6.69 5.00 3.09 8.09 6. Festivals of India 2205 0.31 0.31 1.30 1.30 1.20 1.20 7. Indira Gandhi National Centre for 2205 1.00 0.01 1.01 0.01 0.01 0.02 0.10 0.01 0.11 8. National School of Drama 2205 5.50 2.72 8.22 5.80 2.82 8.62 6.50 3.40 9.90 National Gallery of Modern Art 2205 3.50 1.05 4.55 3.90 1.05 4.95 4.00 1.12 9. 5.12 10. The Asiatic Society, Calcutta 2205 1.75 3.05 4.80 1.75 3.05 4.80 1.80 3.45 5.25 Centre for Cultural Resources and Training 2205 5.00 1.56 6.56 5.10 2.13 7.23 4.92 1.63 6.55 Dance, Drama and Theatre 12. Ensembles 2205 7.70 1.00 8.70 7.70 1.00 8.70 7.70 1.00 8.70 13. Gandhi Peace Prize 2205 1.30 1.30 1.30 1.30 1.30 1.30 Celebration of Tri-Centenary of Khalsa Pant 2205 1.00 1.00 15. Celebrations of 50 years of Republic 2205 1.00 1.00 1.00 National Culture Fund 2205 1.00 1.00 1.00 2.00 2.00 16. Celebration of 2600th year of 17. Mahavira Janam Kalyanak 2205 50.00 50.00 64.10 64.10 18. Celebration of Birth Centenary of Lok Nayak Jai prakash Narayan 2205 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 10.00 10.00 Celebration of Birth Centenary of Chaudhary Charan Singh 2205 1.00 10.00 10.00 1.00 20. Others 2205 25.79 19.83 45.62 27.91 19.95 47.86 31.95 20.82 52.77 Total 25.79 19.83 45.62 27.91 19.95 47.86 31.95 20.82 52.77 **Total-Promotion of Art and Culture** 68.89 104.89 173.78 72.11 121.70 193.81 80.57 66.97 147.54 Archaeology, Archives and Museums 2205 21. Archaeological Survey of India 41.50 98.05 139.55 61.47 118.95 180.42 45.50 164.65 210.15 3601 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 119.95 Total 41.50 99.05 140.55 61.47 45.50 165.65 181.42 211.15 National Archives of India 2205 1.45 7.62 9.07 1.35 7.47 8.82 1.35 8.00 9.35 3601 0.85 0.85 0.85 0.85 0.60 0.60 7.62 7.47 2.30 9.92 2.20 1.95 8.00 9.95 Total 9.67 23. National Museum 2205 4.50 6.50 11.00 4.50 6.50 11.00 4.00 7.00 11.00 24. National Council of Science 17.35 19.50 Museums 2205 6.35 11.00 6.55 11.00 17.55 6.50 13.00 25. Science Cities 2205 13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 13.11 13.11 Anthropological Survey of India. 2205 2.10 8.00 10.10 2.10 9.65 11.75 2.50 9.12 11.62 26. Nehru Memorial Museum and Library. New Delhi 2205 1.75 4.10 5.85 1.75 4.10 5.85 2.50 4.81 7.31 28. Indian Museum, Calcutta 2205 4.25 3.30 7.55 4.25 3.30 7.55 4.50 3.50 8.00 Salar Jung Museum, Hyderabad 2205 4.50 7.95 4.50 8.50 3.45 4.50 2.31 6.81 4.00 Indira Gandhi Rasjtriya Manav 1.30 1.30 2205 4.30 4.30 5.60 3.30 1.50 4.80 Sangrahalaya, Bhopal 5.60 2205 7.82 3.90 31. Other Programmes 9.01 3.88 12.89 11.72 8.71 4.56 13.27 Total- Archaeology, Archives and

93.56

148.20

241.76

112.44

169.48

281.92

97.07

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Museums

221.14 No.90 / Department of Culture

318.21

									(In crores of Rupees)			
			Budg	get 2002-2	2003	Revised 2002-2003		Budget 2003-2004				
		Major Head	Plan	Non-Plan	Total	Plan I	Non-Plan	Total	Plan N	on-Plan	Total	
Libraries												
32.	National Library , Calcutta	2205	5.00	9.27	14.27	3.50	9.27	12.77	5.00	10.00	15.00	
33.	Delhi Public Library	2205	1.00	5.50	6.50	1.00	5.50	6.50	1.00	5.75	6.75	
34.	Raja Ram Mohan Roy Library	2205	7.25	1.25	8.50	9.25	1.25	10.50	8.00	1.30	9.30	
35.	Other Libraries	2205	5.60	3.24	8.84	5.10	2.93	8.03	6.21	3.27	9.48	
		3601	0.80	0.50	1.30	0.50	0.50	1.00	0.60	0.60	1.20	
		Total	6.40	3.74	10.14	5.60	3.43	9.03	6.81	3.87	10.68	
Total-Libraries			19.65	19.76	39.41	19.35	19.45	38.80	20.81	20.92	41.73	
North-Eastern Areas												
36.	Lumpsum provision for Project/											
	Schemes of North Eastern											
	Region & Sikkim	2552	20.00		20.00	23.00		23.00	22.00		22.00	
Total-Art &Culture		202.10	272.85	474.95	226.90	310.63	537.53	220.45	309.03	529.48		
Gra	ind Total		205.00	281.45	486.45	230.00	319.45	549.45	225.20	318.52	543.72	
C.	Plan Outlay*	Head of Dev	Budget Support	IEBR	Total	Budget Support	IEBR	Total	Budget Support	IEBR	Total	
1.	Art and Culture	22205	227.10		227.10	229.41		229.41	223.25		223.25	
2.	Secretariat - Social Services	22251	2.90		2.90	3.10		3.10	4.75		4.75	
3.	North-Eastern Areas	22552	20.00		20.00	23.00		23.00	22.00		22.00	
		Total	250.00		250.00	255.51		255.51	250.00		250.00	
		e of Works Outlay in the Ministry of Urban Development and Po					verty Allevia	ation				
Demand No. 99			45.00		45.00	25.51		25.51	24.80		24.80	

- 1. **Secretariat Social Services**: Provides for expenditure on secretariat of the Department. Maintenance and operation of Central Secretariat Library, New Delhi.
- 2. **Zonal Cultural Centres:** The main objective underlying the scheme ZCCs is to emphasise the cultural linkages that extend beyond territorial and linguistic boundaries. These centres would reflect not only the forms and styles of different States but would represent jointly the composite culture of the country.
- 3. Sangeet Natak Akademi: The Sangeet Natak Akademi was set up in 1953 for the promotion of performing arts. The Akademi acts at the national level for the promotion and growth of Indian music, dance and drama; for the maintenance of standards of training in the performing arts; for the revival, preservation, documentation and dissemination of materials relating to various forms of music, dance and drama and for the recognition of outstanding artists.
- 4. Lalit Kala Akademi: Lalit Kala Akademi is a national organisation to foster and coordinate activities in the sphere of creative visual arts and promote the cultural unity of the country. The management of the Akademi has been taken over by Government of India in accordance with LKA (Taking over of management) Act. 1997. The Akademi has now been handed back to the Artists after the due election process.
- 5. Sahitya Akademi: Sahitya Akademi has been set up for the development of Indian literature and to set high literary standards; to foster and coordinate literary activities in all the Indian languages and to promote through them the cultural unity of the country.
- 6. Festivals of India: Festival of India was introduced with the objective of promoting cultural links with foreign countries by holding festivals of India in those countries and also organising reciprocal festivals of those countries in India. This also helps in projecting India's cultural image abroad and also enhances the tourism potential of various destinations in India. So far, Festivals of India were held in U.K., U.S.A., France, U.S.S.R., Japan, Sweden, Germany, China and Thailand. Reciprocal festivals of Russia, (U.S.S.R), Japan, France, China, Thailand, Sweden and China were held in India. The Festival of Germany was held in India from October, 2000 to March, 2001. It has been decided to

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organize Festival of India in Bhutan beginning from March 2003 and will continue up to October, 2003. Presently proposals are under consideration of holding festival of Indian in foreign countries at a smaller scale to propagate Indian culture and traditions and popularise the rich variety of handicrafts produced in India. Such Festivals also attract tourists from foreign countries by familiarising the people with the varied items of tourist attraction in India.

- 7. Indira Gandhi National Centre for Arts: IGNCA was established to commemorate the memory of the former Prime Minister, late Smt. Indira Gandhi. The Centre was launched in November, 1985 and was later constituted into an autonomous trust. The IGNCA has also been given corpus funds for running the academic programmes and meeting its administrative expenditure out of the interest earnings. Besides, substantial funds have also been given to the Centre for its building complex which is coming up in New Delhi.
- 8. **National School of Drama:** NSD, which was established in 1959, imparts training and propagates dramatics in the country.
- National Gallery of Modern Art: National Gallery of Modern Art is a repository of contemporary and modern art from 1857 onwards and its objective is to educate the masses through exhibitions in India and abroad, lectures, publications etc.
- 10. **The Asiatic Society, Kolkata**: The Asiatic Society founded in 1784 by Sir William Jones is a unique institution having served as fountain head of all literary and scientific activities. The Government has declared the Society as an institute of national importance.
- 11. Centre for Cultural Resources & Training: Centre for Cultural Resources & Training is an autonomous organisation for inter linking culture with education. The Centre organises a variety of programmes to achieve specific objectives for the enrichment of Indian educational system.
- 12. Assistance to Dance, Drama and Theatre Ensembles: Under this scheme, assistance in the form of salary grant and production grant is given to well established voluntary cultural organisations for promoting the cultural heritage of the country.
- 13. **Gandhi Peace Prize**: As part of the celebration of the 125th Anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi, Government of India announced the institution of an annual International Gandhi Peace

Prize for social, economic and political transformation through nonviolence and other Gandhian methods. The recipient is selected by a Jury, headed by Hon'ble Prime Minister of India in accordance with the prescribed code of Procedure for the Prize. The Prize carries an award of Rs. 1.00 crore or equivalent in foreign currency, a Plaque and a Citation.

The first Prize was conferred upon Dr. Julius K.Nyerere, former President of Tanzania in 1995. For the year 1996, the Prize was awarded to Dr. A.T.Ariyaratne, founder president of Sarvodaya Sharamadana Movement, Sri Lanka. The prize was awarded to Dr. Gerhard Fischer of Germany for 1997, Ramakrishna Mission for 1998, Baba Amte for 1999 and Dr. Nelson Mandela, former president of South Africa and Grameen Bank of Bangladesh jointly in the year 2000. For the year 2001, the prize has been conferred on Dr. John Hume, an eminent leader from Ireland.

- 15. **Celebration of 50th Anniversary of Indian Republic:** Will be utilized to conduct three Yatras namely Gandhi Yatra, Vivekanand Yatra & Shankaracharya Yatra. These Yatras are to be conceived in a manner so that they would integrate with the projects of Department of Tourism. The emphasis will be on development of infrastructure/sights in each of these three Yatras. The scheme entitled 'National Mission for Manuscipts' was inaugurated by Prime Minister on 7th February, 2003.
- 16. The National Cultural Fund: NCF, set up under the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890 in terms of a Notification dated 28.11.96, seeks financial support of the State Governments, statutory bodies, private and corporate sectors, societies, individuals and even from the United Nations and its associate bodies, for culture-related endeavours. The provision is for corpus contribution by the Government of India.
- 17. **Celebration of 2600**th year of Mahavira Janam Kalyanak: Although the event was celebrated for the period of one year, ended 6th April 2002, yet a lot of work concerning development in and around Jain monuments and miscellaneous projects involving Rs. 50.00 crores allocated during the current financial year was/is being executed. This projects would need to be monitored during the next financial year.
- 18. Celebration of Birth Centenary of Lok Nayak Jai Prakash Narayan: As per the decision of the National Committee, the event is being clebrated for a period of one year from 11th October, 2002 to 10th October 2003. Seven projects approved by the National Committee/SubCommittee set up under the Chairmanship of Vice-president of India and Shri Chandra Shekhar, former Prime Minister of India, respectively worth about Rs. 15.00 crores have been / are being taken up during the current financial year. More such projects are planed to be taken up during the next financial year.
- 19. Celebration of Birth Centenary of Ch. Charan Singh: It has been decided to celebrate the Birth Centenary of Chaudhary Charan Singh beginning from 23rd December 2002. The National Committee has been constitured to establish a foundation which would work for the cause of the farmers and as a think tank for the existing as well as future problems relating to the farm sector and provide inputs for policy formation. It has also been decided to organize Kisan Sammelans, Seminars and other appropriate ways for dissemination of the Philosophy and message of Ch. Charan Singh espoused by him in his lifetime. It is decided to create a durable assets and drawing up concrete programmes for, implementation in the field to commemorate Ch. Charan Singh's memory.
- 21. **Archaeological Survey of India :** The Archaeological Survey of India was set up in 1861 with the primary object of

- surveying antiquarian remains in the country and their study. Its main functions are preservation and environmental development of centrally protected monuments and sites, chemical treatment and preservation of monuments and antiquities, exploration and excavation of ancient sites, specialized study of inscription and various phases of Indian architecture, maintenance of archaeological museums, operation of the Antiquities and Art Treasures Act, 1972, and research and training in different areas of archaeology.
- 22. **National Archives of India**: The National Archives of India is the central repository of non-current records of enduring value belonging to the Ministries and Departments of the Government of India. It also acquires and preserves private papers of eminent Indians and microfilm copies of records of Indian interests from abroad. It provides facilities for historical research and promotes archives keeping in the country on scientific lines through the School of archival Studies which runs many courses in this discipline. It has a regional office at Bhopal and record centres at Jaipur, Pondicherry and Bhubaneshwar.
- 23. **National Museum**: a subordinate office under Department of Culture, is one of the premier museums in the country established in 1949. It continues to develop in all directions like acquisition, conservation and educational activities. The main activities of the Museums includes (i) bringing out publications on art and culture; (ii) acquisition and conservation of art objects; (iii) organising exhibitions; (iv) production of replicas of masterpieces of Indian Sculptures and bronzes; (v) audio visual and other educational programmes; (vi) teaching of history of art and conservation and (vii) setting up of reprography centre.
- 24-25. **National Council of Science Museums, Kolkata**: To popularise science and technology by organizing exhibitions and seminars, training programmes for science teachers, students, young entrepreneurs, technicians etc. The Council has museums/centres at Kolkata, Bangalore, Mumbai and Delhi, besides, small centres at certain other places.
- 26. Anthropological Survey of India: Established in 1945 with Anthropology and allied disciplines. It conducts bio cultural investigation on Indian population, collect and preserve documents of scientific interest about the people of India.
- 27. **Nehru Memorial Museum and Library, New Delhi:** The Museum is responsible for collection of books, newspapers, unpublished reference, private papers, photographs, film tapes and also translation of important papers relating to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. It is also responsible for preservation of papers of the national leaders of modern India.
- 28. **Indian Museum:** Indian Museum is inter alia engaged in re-organization and renovation of galleries and also in obtaining ethnographic specimen and techno socio and economic cultural data.
- 29. Salar Jung Museum: It is engaged in conservation, preservation, acquisition of art objects of historical importance and educational activities such as exhibitions, popular lectures, gallery talks, seminars etc.
- 30. Indira Gandhi Rashtriya Manav Sangrahalaya, Bhopal: IGRMS, is the post colonial museum conceived as growing movement to depict the story of human kind in time and space, highlighting human biological and cultural evolution with special reference to India and to revitalise the living museum of the country with its varied tapestry of cultures and community knowledge systems. It is being developed around general anthropology as its cultural discipline and it seeks to attain its objective by setting (1) indoor Museum with extensive galleries and (2) out door complex permanent open air exhibition.

- 31. Other programmes: This provides for Victoria Memorial Hall, Kolkata, which is an autonomous organization and is a repository of contemporary art relevant to a period depicting art history of freedom struggle. National Research Laboratory for Conservation of Cultural Property, a subordinate office, was established in 1976 to carry out research in the methods of conservation of cultural property, provide technical assistance to museums, archaeological departments and others.
- 32. **National Library, Kolkata:** It serves as a prominent repository of all reading and information materials produced in India as well as abroad concerning India. It has a rich collection of Persian, Sanskrit, Arabic and Tamil manuscripts and also rare books. It is the recipient library under the Delivery of Books and Newspapers (Public Libraries) Act, 1954 and the repository library in South Asia.
- 33. **Delhi Public Library:** Established in 1951, it has been providing free library services to the citizens of Delhi. It is recipient

- library under the Delivery of books and Newspapers (Public Libraries) Act, 1954.
- 34. Raja Ram Mohan Roy Library Foundation, Kolkata: Established in 1972, aims to promote and support public library movements in the country by providing adequate library services and by developing reading habits all over the country.
- 35. **Other Libraries:** These include Central Reference Library, Kolkata, Central Libray, Mumbai; Khuda Baksh Oriental Public Library, Patna which is nearly 100 years old and has a rich collection of old and rare books and manuscripts; Rampur Raza Library, Thanjavur Maharaja Serfoji's Saraswathi Mahal Library Society, Thanjavur; and the Connemera Library, Chennai etc.
- 36. Lumpsum provision for Project/ Schemes of NE Area and Sikkim: A provision of Rs.22.00 crores has been made in B.E. 2003-04.

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