## MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS

## DEMAND NO.29

# Ministry of Environment and Forests

A. The Budget allocations, net of recoveries, are given below:

		1	(In crores of						Rupees)		
				get 2005-		1	sed 2005-			lget 2006-2	
	Major Head			Non-Plan	Total	Plan	Non-Plan	Total		Non-Plan	Total
	Revenue Capital		1223.99 <i>10.9</i> 2	153.28 	1377.27 10.92	1090.44 9.56	159.91 <i>18.39</i>	1250.35 27.95	1327.92 11.01	167.71 <i>13.50</i>	1495.63 <i>24.51</i>
	Total		1234.91	153.28	1388.19	1100.00		1278.30	1338.93	181.21	1520.14
1.	Secretariat-Economic services	3451		11.63	11.63		12.15	12.15		13.41	13.41
For	estry and Wildlife										
2.	Education and Training										
	2.01 State Forest Ranger's										
	College	2406	3.00	2.50	5.50	2.96	2.42	5.38	2.95	2.77	5.72
		4406	0.50		0.50	0.75		0.75	0.50		0.50
	0.00 Indias Conditi National	Total	3.50	2.50	6.00	3.71	2.42	6.13	3.45	2.77	6.22
	2.02 Indira Gandhi National	0.400	4.00	0.70	7.00	4.00	0.40	0.40	4.00	0.00	7.00
	Forest Academy	2406 4406	4.30 0.70	2.76	7.06 0.70	4.09 0.10	2.40	6.49 0.10	4.30 0.45	3.00	7.30 0.45
		Total	5.00	2.76	7.76	4.19	 2.40	6.59	4.75	3.00	7.75
	2.03. Training of I.F.S.	2406	1.50	2.70	1.50	1.40	2.40	1.40	1.50	3.00	1.50
	2.04. Indian Institute of Forestry										
	Management	2406	5.00	0.78	5.78	5.00	0.78	5.78	5.00	1.25	6.25
Tot	al- Education and Training		15.00	6.04	21.04	14.30	5.60	19.90	14.70	7.02	21.72
3.	Research										
	3.01 Indian Council of Forestry										
	Research and Education	2406	51.00	11.54	62.54	49.35	16.42	65.77	51.00	15.55	66.55
	3.02 Indian Plywood Industries										
	Research Institute	2406	3.05	1.07	4.12	2.95	1.07	4.02	3.05	1.34	4.39
4	Company and Hillingtian of Farest	Total	54.05	12.61	66.66	52.30	17.49	69.79	54.05	16.89	70.94
4.	Survey and Utilisation of Forest Resources - Forest Survey of										
	India	2406	5.00	5.77	10.77	4.84	5.64	10.48	4.86	6.67	11.53
	maia	4406	0.50	5.77	0.50	0.01	3.04	0.01	0.14	0.07	0.14
		Total	5.50	5.77	11.27	4.85	5.64	10.49	5.00	6.67	11.67
5.	Forest Conservation, Develop-										
	ment and Regeneration										
	5.01 Regeneration-Strengthening										
	of Forest Divisions	2406	5.80		5.80	4.23		4.23	5.00		5.00
		4406	0.20		0.20	1.18		1.18	0.50		0.50
		Total	6.00		6.00	5.41		5.41	5.50		5.50
	5.02 Integrated Forest Protection Scheme							0.00	4 55		4.55
	Scrieme	2406 3601	•••		•••	0.83 20.00		0.83 20.00	1.55 45.00	•••	1.55 45.00
		3602				0.10		0.10	0.10		0.10
		Total				20.93		20.93	46.65		46.65
	5.03 Gregarious Flowering of Muli Bamboos (Melocanna										
	baccifera) (Earmarked for										
	North Eastern Region)	2552	35.00		35.00	18.00		18.00	25.00		25.00
Tota	al-Forest Conservation,										
6.	Development and Regeneration Wildlife Preservation		41.00		41.00	44.34		44.34	77.15		77.15
	6.01 Wildlife Institute of India	2406	10.00	1.45	11.45	8.90	1.44	10.34	10.00	1.49	11.49
	6.02 Project Tiger	2406	1.00		1.00	3.08		3.08	1.00		1.00
		3601	28.50		28.50	30.20		30.20	28.50		28.50
	0.00.00	Total	29.50		29.50	33.28		33.28	29.50		29.50
	6.03 Strenthening of Wildlife Division & Consultancies										
	for Special Tasks	2406	4.00		4.00	2.71		2.71	3.00		3.00

No.29/Ministry of Environment and Forests

		•						(In	crores of I	Rupees)
		Budo	get 2005-:	2006	Revis	ed 2005-2	006	Bud	get 2006-2	007
	Major Head		Non-Plan	Total	1	Non-Plan	Total	Plan	Non-Plan	
6.04 Project Elephant	2406	0.50		0.50	0.29		0.29	0.50		0.50
, ,	3601	11.59		11.59	10.44		10.44	12.59		12.59
	Total	12.09		12.09	10.73		10.73	13.09		13.09
6.05 Central Zoo Author	ity 2406	13.00		13.00	12.58		12.58	14.00		14.00
6.06 Assistance for Dev	elopment									
of National Parks a	nd									
Sanctuaries	2406	1.00		1.00	0.97		0.97	1.00		1.00
	3601	48.00		48.00	46.45		46.45	48.00		48.00
	Total	49.00		49.00	47.42		47.42	49.00		49.00
6.07 Protection of Wildlin										
outside protected a		0.01		0.01				0.10		0.10
6.08 Welfare of Animals 6.09 Bio-diversity Conse and Rural Livelihoo		19.00	0.65	19.65	16.16	0.65	16.81	19.00	0.80	19.80
Improvement Project		1.00		1.00	0.33		0.33	3.00		3.00
Total - Wildlife Preservation	` '	137.60	2.10	139.70	132.11	2.09	134.20	140.69	2.29	142.98
Total - Wilding I reservation		137.00	2.10	155.70	132.11	2.03	134.20	140.03	2.23	142.50
7. Zoological Park	2406	1.00	3.54	4.54	0.89	3.63	4.52	0.60	4.16	4.76
<u></u>	4406	0.50		0.50	0.50		0.50	0.40		0.40
	Total	1.50	3.54	5.04	1.39	3.63	5.02	1.00	4.16	5.16
8. International Cooperation	n 2406		1.21	1.21	l	1.21	1.21		1.25	1.25
National Afforestation and development Programme	nd Eco-									
9.01 National Afforestation										
Eco-development E		24.00		24.00	15.89		15.89	20.00		20.00
9.02 National Afforestati						•••	. 0.00		•••	_0.00
Programme	2406	233.85		233.85	202.83		202.83	274.58		274.58
Ü	3601	3.00		3.00	1.00		1.00	0.42		0.42
	Total	236.85		236.85	203.83		203.83	275.00		275.00
9.03 Andaman and Nico Islands Forest and Plantation Develop										
Corporation	6406					18.39	18.39		13.50	13.50
9.04 Afforestation throug	h PRIs									
(NCMP-related sch	eme) 2406							0.10		0.10
Total - National Afforestation Eco-development Prog		260.85		260.85	219.72	18.39	238.11	295.10	13.50	308.60
Total- Forestry and Wildlife		515.50	31.27	546.77	469.01	54.05	523.06	587.69	51.78	639.47
Ecology and Environment										
10. Survey	of India 2425	0.00	10.70	20.70	6.50	13.10	19.60	9.00	14.00	22.00
10.01 Botanical Survey	of India 3435 5425	8.00 3.00	12.78	20.78 3.00	6.50 1.40		1.40	8.00 3.00	14.98	22.98 3.00
	Total	11.00	 12.78	23.78	7.90	 13.10	21.00	11.00	 14.98	25.98
10.02 Zoological Survey		6.81	9.79	16.60	6.59	10.01	16.60	6.81	10.67	17.48
10.02 Zoological Galvey	5425	3.00		3.00	3.70		3.70	3.00		3.00
	Total	9.81	 9.79	19.60	10.29	10.01	20.30	9.81	10.67	20.48
Total - Survey	rotar	20.81	22.57	43.38	18.19	23.11	41.30	20.81	25.65	46.46
11. Environmental Education Training/Extension 11.01 Environmental Ed										
Training Scheme 11.02 National Museum	3435	32.50	0.02	32.52	28.00	0.02	28.02	32.50	0.02	32.52
Natural History	3435	6.00	0.68	6.68	4.50	0.67	5.17	5.00	0.71	5.71
,	5425	0.50		0.50	0.15		0.15	1.00		1.00
	Total	6.50	0.68	7.18	4.65	0.67	5.32	6.00	0.71	6.71
Total - Environmental Educ Training/Extension		39.00	0.70	39.70	32.65	0.69	33.34	38.50	0.73	39.23
ag, Exterioron		1 33.00	00	30.70	, 32.00		30.07	30.00	0.70	

							(Ir	crores of	Rupees)
	Bu	ıdget 2005-	-2006	Revi	sed 2005-2	2006	Buc	lget 2006-2	007
Major Hea	1	Non-Plan	Total	1	Non-Plan	Total	Plan	Non-Plan	Total
12. Conservation Programme									
12.01 Biosphere Reserves 343	1		3.10	3.00		3.00	3.10	•••	3.10
360			4.10	3.97		3.97	4.10		4.10
Total	al 7.2	0	7.20	6.97		6.97	7.20		7.20
12.02 Assistance for Regional		0	2.00	4.50		4.50	2.00		2.00
Botanical Gardens 343 12.03 Mangroves Eco-Systems	35 2.00	0	2.00	1.50		1.50	2.00	•••	2.00
and Wetlands 34	35 2.00	0	2.00	1.94		1.94	2.00		2.00
360			9.00	8.71		8.71	9.00		9.00
To			11.00	10.65		10.65	11.00	•••	11.00
Total - Conservation Programme	20.20		20.20	19.12		19.12	20.20	•••	20.20
13. Environmental Planning and Coordination									
13.01 Environmental Information									
System 343	1		4.69	4.35	0.17	4.52	4.50	0.19	4.69
13.02 Centres of Excellence 343			8.89	6.08	1.25	7.33	7.50	1.39	8.89
Total  14. Research and Ecological	al 12.0	0 1.58	13.58	10.43	1.42	11.85	12.00	1.58	13.58
Regeneration									
14.01 Research and Development 343 14.02 G.B. Pant Himalayan Institute of Environment	35 4.00	0	4.00	3.87	•••	3.87	4.00		4.00
and Development 343	35 7.50	0	7.50	7.26		7.26	7.50		7.50
14.03 Eco-Development Forces 343			8.00	7.14		7.14	8.00		8.00
To	al 19.5	0	19.50	18.27		18.27	19.50		19.50
15. International Cooperation 343	35 2.00	0 1.39	3.39	2.00	1.74	3.74	3.00	2.79	5.79
Prevention and Control of Pollution  16. Prevention of Pollution of National Rivers  16.01 National River Conserva-									
tion Directorate 343 16.02 National River Conserva-	5.00	0	5.00	5.00		5.00	5.00		5.00
tion Plan 343 16.03 National Lake Conserva-	347.50	0	347.50	297.20		297.20	363.00		363.00
tion Plan 343	68.00	0	68.00	56.22		56.22	60.00		60.00
To	al 420.5	0	420.50	358.42		358.42	428.00		428.00
<ul><li>17. Prevention of Air &amp; Water</li><li>Pollution</li><li>17.01 Prevention and control of</li></ul>									
Water Pollution (cess) 343 17.02 Establishment of Environ- ment Authorities and Environmental		76.52	76.52		76.52	76.52		76.52	76.52
Commission & Tribunal 343 17.03 Central Pollution Control	35 4.00	0	4.00	2.64	•••	2.64	3.30		3.30
Board 343 17.04 Promotion of Common	39.00	0 7.57	46.57	34.00	8.58	42.58	42.90	8.70	51.60
Effluent Treatment Plants 343			4.40	4.38		4.38	4.40		4.40
17.05 Other Schemes 343			1.00	0.53		0.53	1.00		1.00
To: 18. Impact Assessment	al 48.4	0 84.09	132.49	41.55	85.10	126.65	51.60	85.22	136.82
18.01 Environment Impact									
Assessmet Programme 343 18.02 Development and Promo-	35 2.50	0 0.05	2.55	2.13	0.04	2.17	2.50	0.05	2.55
tion of Clean Technology 343	35 1.50	0	1.50	0.94		0.94	1.50		1.50
To	al 4.0	0.05	4.05	3.07	0.04	3.11	4.00	0.05	4.05
Total- Prevention and Control of Pollution	472.90	0 84.14	557.04	403.04	85.14	488.18	483.60	85.27	568.87

									(In	crores of F	Rupees)
			Buc	lget 2005-	2006	Revi	sed 2005-2	2006	Bud	Budget 2006-2	
		Major Head	Plan	Non-Plan	Total	Plan	Non-Plan	Total	Plan	Non-Plan	Total
19.	Other Programmes										
	19.01 Abatement of Pollution	n 3435	4.00		4.00	3.87		3.87	3.00		3.00
	19.02 Taj Protection Mission	3601	0.01		0.01	0.01		0.01	0.01		0.01
	19.03 Hazardous Substance	9									
	Management	3435	6.00		6.00	5.81		5.81	6.00		6.00
	19.04 Natural Resources										
	Management	3435	10.00		10.00	9.00		9.00	10.00		10.00
	19.05 Indo-Canada Environ-				0.04						
	ment Facility Projects	3435	0.01		0.01	0.01		0.01	0.01		0.01
	19.06 Govt. of India - United										
	Nations Development										
	Programme-Environm Support Programme	3435	4.00		4.00	0.50		0.50	4.00		4.00
	19.07 Taxonomy Capacity	3433	4.00	•••	4.00	0.50		0.50	4.00		4.00
	Building Project	3435	1.80		1.80	1.74		1.74	2.00		2.00
	19.08 Biodiversity Conserva		3.00		3.00	3.40		3.40	3.00		3.00
	19.09 Information Technolog		10.00		10.00	5.78		5.78	6.23		6.23
	19.10 Climate Change Proje		2.16		2.16	1.95		1.95	5.67		5.67
	19.11 Civil Construction Unit		2.02		2.02	1.77		1.77	2.02		2.02
	19.12 Others	3435	1.50		1.50	1.45		1.45	0.90		0.90
	19.13 Organisational Strengthe	ening									
	& Repositioning of										
	Environmental Plannin	ıg &									
	Coordination Organisa										
	(EPCO)- Madhya Prad										
	& Strengthening Natur										
	Resources Manageme	ent &									
	Farmers Livelihood in	0004							4.50		4.50
	Nagaland	3601		•••					1.59	•••	1.59
	19.14 Strengthening of Enviro								0.10		0.10
	19.15 National Coastal	3435							0.10		0.10
	Management Program	me 3435	l						0.10		0.10
	19.16 Capacity building EIA		ļ	•••			•••	•••	0.10		0.10
	Revised Environmenta										
	Clearance Process	3435							0.10		0.10
		Total	44.50		44.50	35.29		35.29	44.73		44.73
20.	Lumpsum Provision for Proje	cts									
	Schemes for North-East Reg	ion									
	and Sikkim	2552	88.50		88.50	92.00		92.00	108.90		108.90
Total- Ecology and Environment		719.41	110.38	829.79	630.99	112.10	743.09	751.24	116.02	867.26	
Grand Total			1234.91	153.28	1388.19	1100.00	178.30	1278.30	1338.93	181.21	1520.14
C.	Plan Outlay	Head of	Budget	IEBR	Total	Budget	IEBR	Total	Budget	IEBR	Total
	•	Dev	Support			Support			Support		
1.	Forestry and Wildlife	12406	480.50		480.50	451.01		451.01	562.69		562.69
2.	Ecology and Environment	13435	630.91		630.91	538.99		538.99	642.34		642.34
3.	North Eastern Region	22552	123.50		123.50	110.00		110.00	133.90	•••	133.90
Tota	al		1234.91	•••	1234.91	1100.00		1100.00	1338.93		1338.93

 Secretariat- Economic Services: The provision is for Secretariat expenditure of the Ministry of Environment and Forests.

#### 2. Education and Training:

2.01 State Forests Rangers Colleges: There are 3 State Forest Service Colleges located at Dehradun, Burnihat and Coimbatore. These colleges run two year courses for SFS Officers. **Rangers College:** Rangers College is situated at Kurseong (West Bengal). The College provides training to Range Officers of the State Forest Departments.

### 2.02 Indira Gandhi National Forests Academy, Dehradun:

The Academy was created on 25.5.1987 by upgrading the Indian Forests College at Dehradun and de-linking it from the Forest Research Institute. The Academy is responsible for training the Indian Forest Service Officers.

- **2.03 Training to IFS officers:** Under this scheme in-service training is provided to IFS officers.
- **2.04 Indian Institute of Forestry Management:** This Institute was established during the Sixth Plan as an autonomous body to develop managerial skills and specialisation relating to conservation, optimum utilisation and increasing production and productivity over space and time in forest based products as well as large afforestaion and special forest programme.
  - 3. Research: The provisions are in respect of the following: 3.01 Indian Council of Forestry Research and Education:

The Council was set up with a view to achieve the national goals of conserving existing forest area and to increase productivity of forests. The Indian Council of Forestry Research and Education has been given autonomous status w.e.f. 1.6.1991. The Forest Research Institute. Dehradun is a centre of excellence in research. In addition, ICFRE has following five institutes in different Eco-Geographic Regions of the country to take care of the research needs of the regions.

- i) Institute of Wood Science and Technology, Bangalore.
- ii) Institute of Forest Genetics and Tree Breeding, Coimbatore.
- iii) Institute of Deciduous Forests, Jabalpur.
- iv) Institute of Arid Zone Forestry Research, Jodhpur.
- v) Institute of Rain and Moist Deciduous Forests Research, Jorhat.
- **3.02** The Indian Plywood Industries Research Institute, Bangalore: The Institute was established in 1963 jointly by the Plywood Industries and the Government of India.
- **4. Survey and Utilisation of Forest Resources**: Forest Survey of India, Dehradun carries out comprehensive forest resources survey at regular intervals and presents information for planning at National, State and local levels including evaluation through re-inventory to facilitate scientific forestry planning.
- 5. Forest Conservation, Development and Regeneration: This is an on-going programme to check indiscriminate deforestation and diversion of forest land to non-forest use. Strengthening of forests protection force, control on grazing restriction on removal of fuelwood as head loads and supply of alternate fuels have been identified for effective protection of forests. The important scheme under this programme is the Strengthening of Forest Divisions.
  - \* Gregarious Flowering of Muli (Melocanna baccifera)
    Bamboos: An action plan has been drawn to tackle
    the problems likely to arise due to Gregarious Flowering
    of Muli (Melocanna baccifera) Bamboos in the North
    Eastern States occurring during 2004-07.
  - \* Diversity Conservation and Rural Livelihood Improvement Project: The matters concerning Conservation of Biological Diversity, its sustainable use and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising out of the use of biological resources and knowledge are dealt under the Biological Diversity Conservation Scheme.
  - 6. Wildlife Preservation:
- **6.01 The Wildlife Institute of India**, **Dehradun:** The Institute is imparts training and provides continuing education to in-service officers and also organises a two-year M.Sc Course in Wildlife.
- **6.02 to 6.07 Project Tiger and Other Projects:** The Centrally Sponsored Schemes for preservation of wildlife under implementation are "Project Tiger", "Project Elephant", and

"Development of National Parks and Sanctuaries". The schemes aim not only at protecting the endangered species of wildlife, but the entire ecosystem. The last two schemes also aim at improving the quality of the life of the local people and reducing their dependence on forest products. The schemes also aim at augmenting the supply of various usufructs through planning in areas adjoining National Parks and Sanctuaries.

**6.07 Welfare of Animals:** The important activities under this scheme are construction of shelter houses, animal birth control, immunization, ambulance services, and the setting up of National Institute of Animal Welfare. The implementation of the scheme has been transferred to the Animal Welfare Board of India.

9. National Afforestation and Eco- Development Board: The National Afforestation and Eco-development Board was set up in August, 1992, with the principal aim of promoting afforestation, tree planting, ecological restoration and eco-development in the country. Special attention is being given to the regeneration of degraded forest areas and lands adjoining forest areas, national parks, sanctuaries and other protected areas as well as the ecologically fragile areas like the Western Himalayas, Aravallis, Western Ghats, etc. The increase in forest cover to achieve 25% coverage by 2007 is the main thrust area for the Ministry .The main scheme for achieving this is the National Afforestation Scheme. The implementation of the UNCCD and Social Forestry programmes are also covered by

#### 10. Survey:

the NAEB.

10.01 Botanical Survey of India: The Botanical Survey of India, with its headquarters at Kolkata looks after (a) to survey the entire plant resources of the country. (b) complete taxonomic studies of all the flora of the country. (c) list all endangered species and undertake measures for their effective conservation. (d) to identify, collect and preserve specimens of plant useful to human being economically and otherwise.

10.02 Zoological Survey of India: Zoological Survey of India with its headquarters at Kolkata is responsible for carrying out the faunistic survey and research work in systematic Zoology, Animal Ecology, Zoolography of various groups of animals including marine fauna. Its primary objectives are (a) exploration and survey of faunal resources (b) taxonomic studies (c) status survey of endangered species.

### 11. Environmental Education/Training/Extension:

- 11.01 Environment Education Training Scheme: The Ministry gives priority to environmental education of almost all age groups of the country's population through exhibitions and training programmes etc. The Ministry is also involved in promoting environmental education by imparting non-formal education at the primary and secondary school level and in colleges and universities. The main activities under the scheme are (a) National Environmental Awareness Campaign, (b) Ecoclubs (National Green Crops) and (c) Mass Awareness.
- 11.02 National Museum of Natural History is a centre set up under the Ministry to impart non-formal education to the school going children in the field of ecology, wildlife and environmental conservation with a view to create and promote awareness in the country about the need to conserve national natural resources.
- **12. Conservation Programme:** Main scheme under the programme are conservation and management of wetlands and

mangroves, biosphere reserves and assistance for Regional Botanical Gardens.

- 13. Environmental Planning and Coordination: The main schemes under this programme are Environmental Information System (ENVIS) and the Centres of Excellence. Under ENVIS, Environmental Information is collected, collated and disseminated to a wide range of users through a network of 25 subject specific ENVIS centre.
- 14. Research and Ecological Regeneration: Under these programmes, research projects undertaken by various organisations are supported by the Ministry. The Ministry envisages more active participation of universities, scientific institutions and voluntary organisations in eco-development, restoration of damaged eco-systems and eco-regeneration of degraded areas.
- **15. International Cooperation:** The provisions are for contribution to UNO and other international organisations engaged in the development of environmental research and ecoregeneration.
- 16. Prevention of Pollution of National Rivers and lakes: The scope of erstwhile scheme "Prevention and control of pollution of River Ganga" has been widened to cover all national Rivers and Lakes. An action plan has been drawn up for clearing the polluted stretches of National Rivers and to oversee its implementation. The major work programmes relate to diversion, sewer cleaning and renovation of pumping sets. The schemes proposed to be taken up are: (I) Interception and diversion of waste water from falling in rivers (ii) Treatment of waste water with recovery of resources such as bioenergy (iii) Other sanitation measures, such as low cost sanitation, biological conservation etc. Under National Lake Conservation Programme, 29 urban lakes have been identified for conservation to prevent their further deterioration.
- 17. Prevention of Air and Water Pollution: The provision covers: (I) Grants-in-aid to the Central Pollution Control Board; Assistance to State Governments/ Central Pollution Control Board; and Funding of relevant schemes.

The Central Pollution Control Board was set up in 1974. The Board is also responsible for the prevention and control of air pollution. The provision covers grants given for the promotion of common effluent treatment plants. 16 Real time air quality monitoring System are proposed to be installed during 2006-07.

During Xth Plan schemes viz; Environmental Audit Environmental Statistics and Mapping and Clean Technologies by Small Scale industries were merged as Industrial Pollution Abatement through Preventive strategies.

- 18. Impact Assessment: The main schemes under this programme are Environmental Impact Assessment and Development and promotion of Clean Technology. Environmental Clearance has been made mandatory for 30 category of developmental projects. Following the Notification on Coastal Regulation Zone in 1991 various activities are being undertaken in the coastal stretches of the country for conservation of sensitive areas.
- **19. Other Programmes:** The main objective of these schemes viz Assistance for Abatement of Pollution including protection of Taj Mahal, and Hazardous Substance Management are to assist State Governments, State Pollution Control Boards,

Central/State Research Institutions and other Government Agencies/Organisations with the aim of strengthening their technical capabilities.

- 19.06 Govt. of India-United Nations Development Programme Environment Support Programme: It is meant to support the National Development programme in the Environment Sector and is based on IX Plan focus on decentralization and people participation.
- **19.07 Taxonomy Capacity Building Project:** Having identified critically important areas and gaps in taxonomic Work an All India Coordinated Project has been drawn up for Capacity building in taxonomy.

#### **New Schemes:**

19.13 Financial support to Environmental Planning and Coordination Organization (EPCO), Madhya Pradesh:

Project objectives:

- (i) Operationalisation of the State Environment Policy.
- (ii) Mainstreaming environmental concerns in the district planning process and sect oral programmes.
- (iii) Involving range of stakeholders of M.P. in the exercise of setting environmental priorities.
- (iv) Improve understanding of environmental problems and their underlying causes.
- 19.14 Strengthening of Environment Information Centre: It is proposed to augment of the delivery capacity of the EIC centre at Delhi and establish Regional Centres for wider data collection and dissemination.
- 19.15 National Coastal Management Programme: In order to rationalize the existing CRZ Notification, 1991, the Ministry constituted an Expert Committee under the Chairmanship of Prof. M. S. Swaminathan. Based on the recommendation of the Report submitted by the Committee, the Ministry proposes to initiate the following activities:
  - (a) Protection and conservation of the Coastal environment.
  - (b) Protection of local communities and livelihood security along the coastal stretches.
  - (c) Promotion of sustainable development along the coastal stretches.
  - (d) Measures to control deterioration of coastal environment due to pollution arising from land based activities.
- 19.16 Capacity Building in Environmental Impact Assessment and Revised Environmental Clearance Process:

The objectives are as follows:

- Capacity building at Central and State/UT levels for the effective implementation of the revised EC process;
- (ii) Strengthening of the Monitoring Mechanism as a sequel to EMCB Project
- (iii) Accreditation of EIA Consultants through the Quality Council of India
- **20.** Projects/Schemes for North-East Region and Sikkim: A provision of Rs. 133.90 crore including para 5.03 has been made for the schemes in the Environment and Forests Sector.